Safety Data Sheet AERO 50



1. Identification	
Product identifier	AERO 50
Product code	SOL5020LT ; SOL50205LT
Other means of identification	N.Av.
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	Concentrated biodegradable solvent degreaser. Not recommended for any other use not detailed on product data sheet or label.
Manufacturer	AEROCHEM Inc. 5977 Trans Canada Highway Pointe-Claire, QC H9R 1C1 Canada General Information: 1-888-592-5837 www.aerochem.ca info@aerochem.ca
Emergency phone number	INFOTRAC®: 1-800-535-5053 International call collect: 1-352-323-3500 24 hours/day, 7 days/week

2. Hazard identification

Summary

Avoid all contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours, mists or aerosols. Do not ingest. If medical advice is needed, have this SDS or label at hand. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved.

WHMIS 2015/GHS/OSHA HCS 2012



Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 1)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 1)

DANGER

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

P260: Do not breathe mist, vapours and spray.

P264: Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

P301+330+331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water and soap or take a shower if necessary.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents and container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients					
Common name	CAS	Weight % content			
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	7 - 13 %			
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis-, tetrapropylene derivs., sulfonated, sodium salts	119345-04-9	1 - 5 %			
Trisodium phosphate dodecahydrate	10101-89-0	1 - 5 %			
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	1 - 5 %			
Note: The manufacturer withholds the actual concentration range of the ingredients as a trade secret.					

4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.		
Skin contact	Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.		
Eye contact	IMMEDIATELY flush with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Flush with water for at least 20 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. Seek medical attention immediately. Have an opthalmologist make an evaluation of eye injury.		
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give 1-2 glasses of water to drink. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hip level to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately.		
Other	No information available.		
Symptoms	May cause severe eye irritation or eye damage. May cause skin irritation and burns.		
Notes to the physician	Treat according to person's condition and specifics of exposure. If gastric lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.		

5. Fire-fighting measures					
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemicals, water spray, chemical foam, carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use a heavy water jet.				
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	No hazard listed.				
Special protective equipment	Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals.				
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.				

6. Accidental release measures					
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet.				
Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering drains and release to the environment. For a large spill, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.				
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Ventilate the area well. Stop leak, if it's possible to do so without risk. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) and place in an appropriate waste disposal clearly identified. Finish cleaning by rinsing with water contaminated surface. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor.				

7. Handling and storage					
Precautions for safe handling	Use only in well ventilated area. Avoid all contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours, mists or aerosols. Wear eye protection, gloves, respiratory protection and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved. Do not mix with any chemical. Nerver add water directly in this product. Add this product instead in small quantities to stirring water to avoid splashing. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. After use, wash hands with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.				
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store tightly closed and in properly labelled containers in a cool, dry and well ventilated place. Store away from bases and incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep away from direct sunlight and heat. Keep away from freezing.				
Storage temperature	15 to 40°C (59 to 104°F)				

8. Exposure controls/personal protection						
Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health	2-Butoxyetha	ınol: 700 ppm.				
2-Butoxyethanol	2	TWA (8h)		20 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
				20 ppm	97 mg/m ³	RSST
Sodium metasilicate		TWA (8h)	Respirable Dust		5 mg/m ³	OSHA
			Total Dust		15 mg/m ³	OSHA
Trisodium phosphate do	decahydrate	TWA (8h)	Respirable Dust		5 mg/m ³	OSHA
		1	Total Dust		15 mg/m ³	OSHA
Appropriate engineering controls Individual protection m	Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (general or local exhaust) to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours, mists, aerosols or dust below their respective occupational exposure limits. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation.					
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Eye	Wear chemic and a face sh		gles. If risk of contac	t with eyes o	r the face wear o	chemical splash goggles
Hands	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves should be worn at all times when handling this chemical product. Wear nitrile or neoprene gloves. Before using, user should confirm impermeability. Discard gloves with tears, pinholes, or signs of wear. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. Wash gloves with water before removing them. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly.					
Skin	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear appropriate chemical impervious clothing. Wear an apron or long-sleeve protective coverall suit.					

Respiratory	Respiratory protection is not required for normal use. Where the conditions in the workplace require a respirator, it is necessary to follow a respiratory protection program. Moreover, respiratory protection equipment (RPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and standard 29 CFR 1910.134 (OSHA), ANSI Z88.2 or CSA Z 94.11 (Canada) and approved by NIOSH/MSHA. In case of insufficient ventilation or in enclosed area until maximum 10 times of exposure limit, wear half mask respirator with organic vapors cartridges and fitted with a particulate filter P100.
Feet	Wear rubber boots as needed.



9. Physical and chemical properties						
Physical state	Liquid	Flammability	Non-flammable			
Colour	Fluorescent yellow	Flammability limits	N/Av.			
Odour	Citrus odor	Flash point	N/Av.			
Odour threshold	N/Av.	Auto-ignition temperature	N/Av.			
рН	12 to 14	Sensibility to electrostatic charges	N.Av.			
Melting point	0°C (32°F)	Sensibility to sparks and/or friction	N.Det.			
Freezing point	0°C (32°F)	Vapour density	<1 (Air = 1)			
Boiling point	100°C (212°F)	Relative density	1.03 to 1.04 kg/L (Water = 1)			
Solubility	Fully soluble in water.	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	<1			
Evaporation rate	< Butyl Acetate	Decomposition temperature	N/Av.			
Vapour pressure	N/Av.	Viscosity	N/Av.			
Percent Volatile	N/Av.	Molecular mass	N/Ap.			
N/Av.: Not Available N/Ap.: Not Applicable Und.: Undetermined N/E: Not Established						

10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	May react violently with acids.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations)	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids (e.g. hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid).
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicolo	ogical informat	ion				
Numerical measures of toxicity	2-Butoxyethanol			560 mg/kg 1414 mg/kg 2.21 mg/l/4h 400 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg		LC50 LD50 LD50
	Sodium metasilicate		_	>2000 mg/kg 1280 mg/kg 1>2.06 mg/l/4h >5000 mg/kg	Rat Rat	LD50 LD50 LC50 LD50
	Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis salts Trisodium phosphate	s-, tetrapropylene derivs., sulfonated, sodium	Ingestion Skin	>2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg 7400 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 LD50 LD50
	msoulum phosphate	douecanyurate	Skin	>2000 mg/kg		LD50
Likely routes of exposure	Skin, eyes, inhalation	n, ingestion.				
Delayed, immediate and chronic effects	Eye contact Skin contact	405): tests performed with each ingredient of this mixture gave from irritating to corrosive results.				
	Inhalation	on the pH (>11.5) of the solution. Prolonged or excessive exposure may cause headache, drowsiness, nausea, dizziness, respiratory tract irritation. The severity of symptoms may vary depending on exposure conditions.				
	Ingestion IARC/NTP Classification					
	Carcinogenicity					
	Mutagenicity	Ingredients in this product present at levels known to cause mutagenic effects.	greater tha	n or equal to 0).1% are n	ot
	Reproductive Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause reproduction effects.					
	Specific target No target organ is listed. organ toxicity - single exposure					
3	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No target organ is listed.	^			
Interactive effects	No information availa	able.				
Other information	mg/kg. The acute to mg/L/4h for vapours	ute toxicity estimates (ATE) of the mixture we cicity estimates (ATE) by inhalation of the mix and to be greater than 5 mg/L/4h for the dust to WHMIS 2015 and OSHA HCS 2012.	cture were c	calculated to be	e greater t	

12. Ecological information

Ecological toxicity	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Rainbow trout	LC50	1474 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 111-76-2)		
	Aquatic invertebrates - Daphnia magna		1550 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 111-76-2)		
	Algea, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	EC50	1840 mg/L; 72 h (CAS no 111-76-2)		
	Fish - Leuciscus idus	LC50	2400 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 10101-89-0)		
	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Rainbow trout	LC50	6.2 mg/L; 96h (CAS no 119345-04-9)		
	Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna	EC50	1.2-4.7 mg/L; 48h (CAS no 119345-04-9)		
	Aquatic Plant - Algea, Selenastrum capricornutum	EC50	>100 mg/L; 72h (CAS no 119345-04-9)		
	Zebrafish (Danio rerio)	LC50	210 mg/L; 96h (CAS no 6834-92-0)		
Persistence	Inorganic compounds persist in the environment indefinitely or incorporate into biological systems.				
Degradability	The product is a mixture whose ingredients are readily biodegradable (> 60% in 28 days). The term biodegradability, as such, is not applicable to inorganic compounds.				
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is a mixture of which all ingredients have a low bioaccumulation potential (Log Kow of <3 and / or BCF <500).				
Mobility in soil	The product is a mixture whose ingredients have a high mobility in the soil.				
Other adverse effects	This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer. The observed ecological toxicity presented by this product for the environment was considered a result of pH effects.				

13. Disposal considerations



Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT dispose residue in sewers, streams or drinking water supply. Dispose residues as a hazardous waste. Empty containers can be treated (recycled) where there is a recovery program. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

14. Transport information							
UN Number	UN N/A						
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated by TDG (Canada) and 49 CFR DOT (USA).						
Environmental hazards	This material does not contain marine pollutant.						
Special precautions for user	No additional information.						
TDG - Transportation o	f Dangerous Goods (Canada)						
Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated						
Packing group	Not regulated						
Emergency response guidebook 2016							
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Transport							

Classification	Not regulated						
IATA - International Air Transport Association							
Classification	Not regulated						

These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper transportation classification and packaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.

15. Regulatory information

CANADA

Common name	CAS	CEPA	DSL	NDSL	NPRI
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	X	X		Χ
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis-, tetrapropylene derivs., sulfonated, sodium salts	119345-04-9		×		
Trisodium phosphate dodecahydrate	10101-89-0				
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0		X		

TIME

- CEPA: List of Toxic Substances Managed Under Canadian Environmental Protection Act
- DSL: Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA

											Value .
Common name	CAS		TSCA	CER CLA	EPCRA 313	EPCRA 302/304	CAA 112(b) HON	CAA 112(b) HAP	CAA 112(r)		CWA Prio.
2-Butoxyethanol	111-	76-2	X								
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis-, tetrapropylene derivs., sulfonated, sodium salts		345-04-9	Х								
Trisodium phosphate dodecahydrate	1010	01-89-0		Х						X	
Sodium metasilicate	6834	1-92-0	Х		47 /						

- TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act
- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act list of hazardous substances
- EPCRA 313: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 313 Toxic Chemicals
- EPCRA 302/304: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances
- CAA 112(b) HON: Clean Air Act Hazardous Organic National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant
- CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutants lists pollutants
- CAA 112(r): Clean Air Act Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention
- CWA 311: Clean Water Act List of Hazardous Substances
- CWA Priority: Clean Water Act Priority Pollutant list

California Proposition 65

No ingredients listed.

Other regulations

CANADA:

CAS no 10101-89-0 is not on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) because it is a hydrate. It is considered to be listed because the anhydrous form CAS no 7601-54-9 is listed on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) inventory.

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA:

CAS no 10101-89-0 is not on the TSCA Inventory because it is a hydrate. It is considered to be listed because the anhydrous form, CAS no 7601-54-9, is listed on the TSCA inventory.





16. Other in	formation
Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	AEROCHEM Inc. 2020-03-03
Version	03
Other information	REFERENCES: - Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, https://haz-map.com/ - TOXNET Databases, Toxicology Data Network, NIH U.S. National Library of Medicine, http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/ - Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), http://www.reptox.csst.qc.ca - The National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Institutes of Health (NIH), U.S. National Library of Medicine, https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ DATE OF FIRST VERSION OF SDS: 2017-09-19. CHANGES MADE IN THE VERSION 02: section 3. DATE OF SECOND VERSION OF SDS: 2019-07-31. CHANGES MADE IN THE VERSION 03: section 1. ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Toxicology Program RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec) GHS: Globally Harmonized System IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min) TWA: Time Weighted Averages WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
Powered by Revents A global vision of prevention	To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither Pri¿½ventis System nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.